

**AGENDA of the  
Portfolio Committee: Infrastructure and Planning  
20 September 2016  
(Also the agenda for the Mayoral Committee Meeting : 27 September 2016)**

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**15.  
DRAFT BY-LAW RELATING TO ELECTRICITY SUPPLY**

1/3/22

L Wallace

(028) 313 5014

Corporate Head Office

20 September 2016

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**1. Executive Summary**

The purpose of this report is for Council to adopt the proposed By-law relating to Electricity Supply, in terms of Section 12(3) of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000), hereafter referred to as "*the MSA*". The proposed By-law was introduced as is provided for in terms of Section 12(1) of the MSA and Council's By-law on Rules of Order for Internal Arrangements, P.N. 7188 of 2013. The necessary permission was obtained to publish the proposed by-law in the press in order to give the public an opportunity to make representations.

**2. Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan - IGNITE**

Directorate: Infrastructure & Planning  
Department: Electro Technical Services

**3. Compliance with Strategic Priority**

Provision of democratic, accountable and ethical governance

**4. Delegated Authority**

None

**5. Legal Requirements**

Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996.(Constitution);  
Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, No 117 of 1998;  
Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, No 32 of 2000;  
Overstrand Municipality By-law on Rules of Order for Internal Arrangements, P.N. 7188 of 2013;  
Electricity Regulation Act, No 4 of 2006;  
Occupational Health and Safety Act, No 85 of 1993.

**6. Background/Discussion**

In addition to the introductory note in paragraph 1 of this Item, the Overstrand Municipality has decided to propose this by-law for purposes of the supply, or contracting for the supply, of bulk electricity within its jurisdiction. Only the

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Municipality may supply and/or contract for the supply of bulk electricity within its jurisdiction.

In order to be more effective in the execution of its mandate to supply bulk electricity the Municipality may permit another duly licensed electricity suppliers to supply electricity to the customers of said other supplier and shall this arrangement be given effect to by means of a Service Delivery Agreement entered into by and between the parties as made provision for in terms of section 80 of the MSA.

The Municipality may also permit the co-generation of electricity within its jurisdiction but only under certain conditions namely:

1. A co-generation Agreement having been entered into by and between the parties. This is a peremptory requirement specifically made provision for in terms of section 5 (1) of the proposed by law.
2. Compliance with the provisions of the Electricity Regulation Act, No 4 of 2006;
3. Registration at the Municipality of all fixed installations where electricity will be generated;
4. Full compliance with the municipality's safety and quality requirements.

With regard to any surplus electricity generated, the Municipality may prohibit this, and may furthermore also set conditions pertaining to timing and quantity thereof.

The proposed by-law addresses various issues and matters, the most important of which are the following;

1. Serving of Notices;
2. Obtaining the consent of property owners to lay or erect service connections above or below ground on land not vested in the Municipality;
3. The right to inspect, test and do maintenance;
4. The failure to furnish the Municipality with requested information;
5. Obstructing, hindering, interfering with or refusing a municipal official entrance or admittance in order to perform his/her duty;
6. Improper use of electricity;
7. Tariffs and fees;
8. Payment of charges;
9. The Resale of Electricity;
10. Disconnection or Removal of the electricity supply;
11. Non – liability of the Municipality;
12. Failure to supply electricity;
13. Tampering with service connections;
14. Unsafe or illegal connections and unauthorized re-connections;
15. Protection of supply mains and prevention of tampering;

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16. Temporary disconnections and reconnections;
17. Load reduction in periods of peak loads and emergencies;
18. Responsibilities of Consumers;
19. Metering accommodation and Accuracy thereof;
20. Measurement of Electricity;
21. The roles and responsibilities of electrical contractors;
22. Cost of work done by the Municipality;
23. Exemptions from the provisions of the by-law.
24. Penalties for contraventions of the by-law in the form of fines and/or imprisonment;

In terms of Section 156(2) of the Constitution, municipalities have the right to make by-laws for the matters which they have the right to administer, in this regard Electricity Supply and the regulation thereof as set out in Schedule 4 Part B of the Constitution, read together with section 11(3)(g) and (m) of the MSA. An effective means to supply and regulate electricity would be to make, pass and implement a municipal by-law in this regard.

In terms of this by-law the Municipality will now have the authority to regulate the supply of electricity in its jurisdiction more effectively.

#### **6.1 Process followed**

The draft by-law was advertised for public participation. This was done on 31 March 2016. The advertisement was placed in the Gansbaai Courant, Hermanus Times, Overstrand Herald, and Municipal Notice Boards, and was placed on the official website of the Municipality.

Despite the notification of the proposed by-law, no representations from the public were received.

Section 12(3) of the MSA determines that a by-law may only be passed by a municipal council if all members of the council have been given reasonable notice and that the proposed by-law has been published to allow for representations by the public. Council members have been given reasonable notice of the by-law and as stated the public was also afforded the opportunity to make representations. Section 12 of the MSA as well as the provisions of the By-law on Rules of Order for Internal Arrangements have been complied with.

It is therefore recommended that the Council passes the by-law, attached as Annexure A.

#### **6.2 Publication of the by-law and taking effect thereof**

When a municipal council passes a by-law, Section 13 of the MSA requires that:-

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- it must be published promptly in the Provincial Gazette and when feasible also in a local newspaper or in any other way in order to bring the contents of the by-law to the attention of the local community; and
- that it takes effect when published, or on a future date determined in or in terms of the by-law.

**7. Financial Implications**

The by-law must be published in the Provincial Gazette.

**8. Staff Implications**

None

**9. Comments from other Departments, Divisions and Administrations**

None

**10. Annexures**

Annexure A: Proposed draft by-law relating to Electricity Supply.  
Annexure B: Formal Public Notices

**RECOMMENDATION TO THE COUNCIL:**

1. that the whole of the existing By-law relating to Electricity Supply as published in the Provincial Gazette: PN 6589 of 19 December 2008, be repealed as from date of publication of the proposed by-law in the Provincial Gazette;
2. that, in terms of section 156(2) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa 1996, read with section 11(3)(m) of the Local Government Municipal Systems Act, No 32 of 2000, the draft By-law relating to Electricity Supply be adopted; and
3. that, in terms of section 13(a) of the Local Government Municipal Systems Act No 32 of 2000, the By-law relating to Electricity Supply be published in the Provincial Gazette as soon as possible.

**RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL :**

**L WALLACE**

**TARGET DATE FOR IMPLEMENTATION :**

**IMMEDIATELY SUBSEQUENT TO  
PUBLICATION IN THE  
PROVINCIAL GAZETTE**

**AGENDA of the  
Portfolio Committee : Infrastructure & Planning  
26 September 2016  
(Also the agenda for the Mayoral Committee Meeting : 26 September 2016)**

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**15.  
DRAFT BY-LAW RELATING TO ELECTRICITY SUPPLY**

1/3/22

L Wallace

(028) 313 5014

Corporate Head Office

20 September 2016

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**THIS MATTER SERVED BEFORE THE JOINT PORTFOLIO COMMITTEE ON  
26 SEPTEMBER 2016, WHICH COMMITTEE RECOMMENDED AS FOLLOWS:**

**RECOMMENDATION TO THE COUNCIL:**

1. that the whole of the existing By-law relating to Electricity Supply as published in the Provincial Gazette: PN 6589 of 19 December 2008, be repealed as from date of publication of the proposed by-law in the Provincial Gazette;
2. that, in terms of section 156(2) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa 1996, read with section 11(3)(m) of the Local Government Municipal Systems Act, No 32 of 2000, the draft By-law relating to Electricity Supply be adopted; and
3. that, in terms of section 13(a) of the Local Government Municipal Systems Act No 32 of 2000, the By-law relating to Electricity Supply be published in the Provincial Gazette as soon as possible.

**RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL :**

**L WALLACE**

**TARGET DATE FOR IMPLEMENTATION :**

**IMMEDIATELY SUBSEQUENT TO  
PUBLICATION IN THE  
PROVINCIAL GAZETTE**

## OVERSTRAND MUNICIPALITY

### STANDARD BY-LAW RELATING TO ELECTRICITY SUPPLY

Under the provisions of section 156 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 the Overstrand municipality, enacts as follows:-

To provide for the distribution of electricity in the area of the Overstrand Municipality, to regulate activities which may have a detrimental effect on the reticulation of electricity and to provide for matters incidental thereto.

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## CHAPTER 1

### 1. DEFINITIONS

In this by-law, unless inconsistent with the context-

**"accredited person"** means a person registered in terms of the Regulations as an electrical tester for single phase, an installation electrician or a master installation electrician, as the case may be;

**"act"** means the Electricity Regulation Act, 2006 (Act 4 of 2006)

**"applicable standard specification"** means-

SANS 1019 Standard voltage-, currents- and insulation levels for electricity supply

SANS 1607 Electromechanical watt-hour meters,

SANS 1524 Parts 0,1 & 2 - Electricity dispensing systems,

SANS IEC 60211 Maximum demand indicators, Class1.0,

SANS IEC 60521 Alternating current electromechanical watt-hour meter (Classes 0.5, 1 & 2),

SANS 0142 Code of practice for the wiring of premises;

NRS 047 National Rationalized Specification for the Electricity Supply - Quality of Service

NRS 048 National Rationalized Specification for the Electricity Supply - Quality of Supply, and

NRS 057 Electricity Metering: Minimum Requirements;

**"backyard dwelling"** means an informal structure erected for residential purposes on premises in addition to an existing dwelling unit;"

**"builders connection"** means an electricity supply required by a consumer for a period and in terms of conditions negotiated within a temporary supply agreement, normally less than one year;

**"certificate of compliance"** means a certificate issued in terms of the Regulations in respect of an electrical installation or part of an electrical installation by an accredited person;

**"consumer"** in relation to premises means:

- (i) any occupier thereof or any other person with whom the Municipality has contracted to supply or generate, or is actually supplying or generating electricity thereat; or
- (ii) if such premises are not occupied, any person who has a valid existing agreement with the Municipality for the supply or generation of electricity to such premises; or
- (iii) if there is no such person or occupier, the owner of the premises;

**"credit meter"** means a meter where an account is issued subsequent to the consumption of electricity;

**"effective date"** means the date on which the responsibility for the delivery of the electricity service is transferred to the Municipality;

**"electrical contractor"** means an electrical contractor as defined in the Regulations;

**"electric fence"** means an electric barrier consisting of one or more bare conductors erected against the trespass of persons or animals.

**"electric fence energizer"** means electric machinery arranged so as to deliver a periodic non-lethal amount of electric energy to an electric fence connected to it.

**"electric fence system"** means an electric fence and an electric fence energizer.

**"electrical installation"** means an electrical installation as defined in the Regulations;

**"generation of electricity"**, means the process of generating electrical power from any sources of primary energy;

**"high voltage"** means the set of nominal voltage levels that are used in power systems for bulk transmission of electricity in the range of 44 kV <math>U\_n <- 220 \text{ kV}</math>. [ SANS 1019];

**"low voltage"** means the set of nominal voltage levels that are used for the distribution of electricity and whose upper limit is generally accepted to be an a.c. voltage of 1000V ( or a d.c. voltage of 1500 V). [SANS 1019];

**"medium voltage"** means the set of nominal voltage levels that lie above low voltage and below high voltage in the range of 1kV <math>U\_n <- 44 \text{ kV}</math>. [ SANS 1019];

**"meter"** means a device which records the demand and/or the electrical energy consumed or purchased and includes conventional, prepayment, smart and net meters;

**"motor load, total connected"** means the sum total of the kW input ratings of all the individual motors connected to an installation;

**"motor rating"** means the maximum continuous kW output of a motor as stated on the maker's rating plate;

**"motor starting current"** in relation to alternating current motors means the root mean square value of the symmetrical current taken by a motor when energized at its rated voltage with its starter in the starting position and the rotor locked;

**"Municipality"** means Overstrand Municipality, a municipality established in terms of Section 12 of the Municipal Structures Act, 117 of 1998 or any legal entity duly authorized by the Overstrand Municipality to provide an electricity service within the jurisdiction of the Overstrand Municipality;

**"net metering"** means measuring the difference between the electricity supplied by the municipality and the electricity generated by a customer over the applicable billing period;

**"occupier"** in relation to any premises means-

(a) any person in actual occupation of such premises;

- (b) any person legally entitled to occupy such premises;
- (c) in the case of such premises being subdivided and let to lodgers or various tenants, the person receiving the rent payable by such lodgers or tenants, whether on his own account or as agent for any person entitled thereto or interested therein, or
- (d) any person in control of such premises or responsible for the management thereof, and includes the agent of any such person when he/she is absent from the Republic of South Africa or his/her whereabouts are unknown;

**"owner"** in respect of immovable property means-

- (a) the person in whom ownership vests;
- (b) in the event of the person in whom the ownership vests being insolvent or deceased, or subject to any legal disqualification, the person under whose control and administration such immovable property vest in his or her capacity as curator, trustee, executor, administrator, judicial manager, liquidator or any other lawful representative;
- (c) in any event where the council is unable to determine the identity of such a person, the person who is entitled to the beneficial use of such immovable property;
- (d) in the event of immovable property in respect of which a lease agreement of 30 years or longer had been concluded, the lessee thereof;
- (e) in respect of-
  - (i) a portion of land demarcated on a sectional title plan and registered in accordance with the Sectional Titles Act, 1986 (Act No 59 of 1986), the developer or the governing body in respect of the joint property;
  - (ii) a portion of land as defined in this Act, the person in whose name that portion is registered in accordance with a title deed, including the lawfully appointed representative of such person;
  - (iii) any person, including but not limited to-
    - (aa) a company registered in accordance with the Companies' Act, 1973 (Act No 61 of 1973), a trust inter vivos, a trust mortis causa, a close corporation registered in accordance with the Close Corporations Act, 1984 (Act No 69 of 1984), and a voluntary association;
    - (bb) any government department;
    - (cc) any council or governing body established in accordance with any legislation in force in the Republic of South Africa; and
    - (dd) any embassy or other foreign entity;

**"point of consumption"** means a point of consumption as defined in the Regulations;

**"point of metering"** means the point at which the consumer's consumption of electricity is metered and which may be at the point of supply or at any other point on the distribution system of the Municipality or the electrical installation of the consumer, as specified by the Municipality or any duly authorized official of the Municipality; provided that it shall meter all of, and only, the consumer's consumption of electricity;

**"point of supply"** means the point determined by the Municipality or any duly authorized official of the Municipality at which electricity is supplied to any premises by the Municipality;

**"premises" means-**

- (a) any land or any building or structure above or below ground level and
- (b) Any portion of land, situated within the area of jurisdiction of the municipality, and of which the outer boundaries are demarcated on –
  - (i) a general plan or diagram registered in accordance with the Land Survey Act, 1927 (Act No 9 of 1927) or the Deeds Registries Act, 1937 (Act No 47 of 1937); or
  - (ii) a sectional title plan registered in accordance with the Sectional Titles Act, 1986 (Act No 95 of 1986); and
- (c) includes any vehicle, aircraft or vessel;

**"prepayment meter"** means a meter that can be programmed to allow the flow of pre-purchased amounts of energy in an electrical circuit;

**"Regulations"** means Regulations made in terms of the Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act 85 of 1993), as amended;

**"retail wheeling"** means the process of moving third party electricity from a point of generation across the distribution systems of the Municipality and selling it to a customer;

**"safety standard"** means the Code of Practice for the Wiring of Premises SANS 10142-1 incorporated in the Regulations;

**"SANS"**, means a South African National Standard;

**"service connection"** means all cables and equipment required to connect the supply mains to the electrical installation of the consumer at the point of supply;

**"service protective device"** means any fuse or circuit breaker installed for the purpose of protecting the Municipality's equipment from overloads or faults occurring on the installation or on the internal service connection;

**"smart meter"** means an electricity meter that allows for –

- (a) measurement of energy consumed on a time interval basis;
- (b) real-time or near-time registration of electricity use;
- (c) two-way communication between the customer/end-user and the municipality;
- (d) storage of time interval data and transfer thereof remotely to the municipality;
- (e) remote limitation of the throughput through the meter (switching off of non-essential equipment or in the extreme case cutting of the electricity to the customer);
- (f) interconnection to premise-based networks and devices (e.g., local generation such as Photo Voltaic Cells and Wind Generation);
- (g) ability to measure electricity consumed and electricity supplied on separate registers;
- (h) ability to read other, on-premise or nearby commodity meters (e.g., gas, water); and
- (i) ability to detect theft of electricity or tampering to the meter itself.

**"standby supply"** means an alternative electricity supply not normally used by the consumer;

**"supply mains"** means any part of the Municipality's electricity network;

**"SSEG"** means Small Scale Embedded Generators

**"tariff"** means the Municipality's tariff for the supply of electricity and sundry fees, as approved by the Municipality, and

**"temporary supply"** means an electricity supply required by a consumer for a period and in terms of conditions negotiated within a temporary supply agreement, normally less than one year;

**"the law"** means any applicable law, proclamation, ordinance, act of parliament or enactment having force of law;

**"token"** means the essential element of a prepayment metering system used to transfer information from a point of sale for electricity credit to a prepayment meter and *vice versa*;

**"voltage"** means the root-mean-square value of electrical potential between two conductors.

2. **Other terms** - All other terms used in this by-law shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meaning assigned thereto in the Municipal Systems Act (MSA), (Act 32 of 2000), as amended, Electricity Regulation Act (ERA), 2006 (Act 4 of 2006), as amended, or the Occupational Health and Safety Act (OHSA), 1993 (Act 85 of 1993), as amended.

3. **Headings and titles** - The headings and titles in this by-law shall not affect the construction thereof.

## CHAPTER 2

### GENERAL CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY OR GENERATION

#### 4. PROVISION OF ELECTRICITY SERVICES

- (1) Only the Municipality shall supply or contract for the supply of bulk electricity within the jurisdictional area of the Municipality.
- (2) The Municipality may permit the bulk supply or retail wheeling of electricity through its network by another electricity supplier that is licensed for the trading of electricity in terms of the Electricity Regulation Act to the customers of this electricity supplier. Such permission shall be governed by entering into a Service Delivery Agreement as required by Section 80 of the MSA
- (3) The Municipality may permit the co-generation of electricity within the Municipal Boundaries, but under the following conditions:
  - (a) a generation agreement being entered into;

- (b) compliance with the relevant requirements of the ERA pertaining to the generation of electricity and the safety thereof;
  - (c) registration at the municipality of all fixed installations where electricity is generated; and
  - (d) compliance with the municipality's safety and quality requirements prior to allowance of the generation of electricity onto the municipal networks
- (4) The surplus generation of electricity may be prohibited and the municipality may determine conditions for such surplus generation pertaining to timing and quantity.

## 5. SUPPLY BY AGREEMENT

- (1) No person shall use or be entitled to use an electricity supply from the Municipality unless or until such person shall have entered into an agreement in writing with the Municipality, for such supply, and such agreement together with the provisions of this by-law shall in all respects govern such supply.
- (2) If a person uses an electricity supply without entering into an agreement he or she shall be liable for the cost of electricity used as stated in section 44 of this by-law.
- (3) No person shall generate electricity by way of a fixed installation and into a municipal network unless such person has entered into an agreement in writing with the Municipality for such generation, and such agreement together with the provisions of this by-law, as well as any other approved legislation governing the licensing of generators, shall in all respects govern such generation of electricity, which includes the approved Guidelines for Embedded Generation.

## 6. SERVING OF NOTICES -

- (1) Any notice or other document that is served on any person in terms of this by-law is regarded as having been served-
- (a) when it has been delivered to that person personally;
  - (b) when it has been left at that person's place of residence or business in the Republic with a person apparently over the age of sixteen years;
  - (c) when it has been posted by registered or certified mail to that person's last known residential or business address in the Republic and an acknowledgement of the posting thereof from the postal service is obtained;
  - (d) if that person's address in the Republic is unknown, when it has been served on that person's agent or representative in the Republic in the manner provided by paragraphs (a), (b) or (c); or
  - (e) if that person's address and agent or representative in the Republic is unknown, when it has been posted in a conspicuous place on the property or premises, if any, to which it relates.
- (2) When any notice or other document must be authorized or served on the owner, occupier or holder of any property or right in any property, it is sufficient if that person is described in the notice or other document as the owner, occupier or

holder of the property or right in question, and it is not necessary to name that person.

- (3) Any legal process is effectively and sufficiently served on the Municipality when it is delivered to the Municipal Manager or an employee in attendance at the Municipal Manager's office.

## **7. COMPLIANCE WITH NOTICES**

Any person on whom a notice duly issued or given under this by-law is served must, within the time specified in such notice, comply with its terms.

## **8. APPLICATION FOR SUPPLY OR GENERATION**

- (1) Application for the supply or generation of electricity shall be made in writing by the prospective consumer on the prescribed form obtainable at the offices of the Municipality, and the estimated load, in kVA, of the installation, shall be stated therein. Such application shall be made as early as possible, but not less than the time allowed by NRS 047-1, paragraph 4.2.3, before the supply of electricity is required in order to facilitate the work of the Municipality.
- (2) Applicants for the supply or generation of electricity must submit the following documents with their application:
  - (a) An identity document or passport, and, in the case of a business, a letter of resolution delegating the authority to the applicant.
  - (b) A valid lease agreement, in the case of a tenant, or, in the case of an owner, a Title Deed or other proof of ownership of the premises for which a supply or generation of electricity is required.
- (3) An application for a new temporary supply of electricity shall be considered at the discretion of the Municipality or any duly authorized official of the Municipality which may specify any special conditions to be satisfied in such case.

## **9. PROCESSING OF REQUESTS FOR SUPPLY OR GENERATION**

Applications for the supply or generation of electricity will be processed by the municipality in accordance with standard operating procedures therefore, and the supply made available within the periods stipulated in NRS 047.

## **10. WAY LEAVES**

- (1) The Municipality may refuse to lay or erect a service connection above or below ground on any thoroughfare or land not vested in the Municipality or on any private property, unless and until the prospective consumer has obtained written permission granted by the owner of the said private property or by the person in whom is vested the legal title to the land or thoroughfare, authorizing the laying or erection of a service connection thereon.

- (2) If such permission is withdrawn at any time or if the aforesaid private property or thoroughfare changes ownership and the new owner refuses to grant or continue such permission, the cost of any alteration required to be made to a service connection in order that the supply of electricity may be continued, and of any removal thereof which may become necessary in the circumstances, shall be borne by the consumer to whose premises the supply of electricity is required to be continued.

## 11. STATUTORY SERVITUDE

- (1) Subject to the provisions of section 10(1) and subsection (3) the Municipality may within its municipal area:
- (a) regulate, control, provide, establish and maintain electricity services;
  - (b) acquire, construct, lay, extend, enlarge, divert, maintain, repair, discontinue the use of, close up and destroy electricity supply mains;
  - (c) construct, erect or lay any electricity supply main on, across, through, over or under any street or immovable property and the ownership of any such main shall vest in the Municipality;
  - (d) do any other thing necessary or desirable for or incidental, supplementary or ancillary to any matter contemplated by paragraphs (a) to (c).
- (2) If the Municipality constructs, erects or lays any electricity supply main on, across, through, over or under any street or immovable property not owned by the Municipality or under the control of or management of the Municipality it shall pay to the owner of such street or property compensation in an amount agreed upon by such owner and the Municipality or, in the absence of agreement, as determined either by arbitration or a court of law.
- (3) The Municipality shall, before commencing any work other than repairs or maintenance on or in connection with any electricity supply main on immovable property not owned by the Municipality or under the control or management of the Municipality, give the owner or occupier of such property reasonable notice of the proposed work and the date on which it proposes to commence such work.

## 12. RIGHT OF ADMITTANCE TO INSPECT, TEST AND/OR DO MAINTENANCE WORK

- (1) The Municipality shall, through its employees, contractors and their assistants and advisers, have access to or over any property for the purposes of-
- (a) doing anything authorized or required to be done by the Municipality under this by-law or any other law;
  - (b) inspecting and examining any service mains and anything connected therewith;
  - (c) enquiring into and investigating any possible source of electricity supply or the suitability of immovable property for any work, scheme or undertaking of the Municipality and making any necessary survey in connection therewith;
  - (d) ascertaining whether there is or has been a contravention of the provisions of this by-law, and

- (e) enforcing compliance with the provisions of this by-law or any other law,
- (2) The Municipality shall pay compensation, as agreed upon, to any person suffering damage as a result of the exercise of the right of access contemplated by sub-section (1). In the absence of an agreement, compensation may be determined by arbitration or a court of law.
- (3) Sub section (2) does not apply where the municipality is authorized to execute work at the cost of such person or some other person.
- (4) An employee of the Municipality authorized thereto by such Municipality may, by notice in writing served on the owner or occupier of any property, require such owner or occupier to provide, on the day and at the hour specified in such notice, access to such property to a person and for a purpose referred to in sub-section (1).
- (5) The Municipality may gain access to or over any property without notice and may take whatever action as may, in its opinion, be necessary or desirable in consequence of the existence of a state of war or the occurrence of any calamity, emergency or disaster.
- (6) A person representing the municipality, who wishes to enter private property must, on request, provide his or her identification.

#### **13. REFUSAL OR FAILURE TO GIVE INFORMATION**

- (1) No person shall refuse or fail to give such information as may be reasonably required of him/her by any duly authorized official of the Municipality or render any false information to any such official regarding any electrical installation work completed or contemplated.
- (2) The Municipality shall not, subject to the provisions of any other law, or its Customer Care Policy, make any information available concerning the supply or account details for any premises to any third party without the express written permission from the consumer who signed the supply agreement for the supply to the premises or generation there from concerned except to the owner of a property upon written request to the Municipality.

#### **14. REFUSAL OF ADMITTANCE**

No person shall willfully hinder, obstruct, interfere with or refuse admittance to any duly authorized official of the Municipality in the performance of his duty under this by-law or any other relevant legislation or of any duty connected therewith or relating thereto.

#### **15. IMPROPER USE**

If the consumer uses the electricity for any purpose or deals with the electricity in any manner which the Municipality has reasonable grounds for believing interferes in an improper or unsafe manner or is calculated to interfere in an improper or

unsafe manner with the efficient supply of electricity to any other consumer, the Municipality may, with or without notice, disconnect the electricity supply provided that such supply shall be restored as soon as the cause for the disconnection has been permanently remedied or removed and any relevant fee has been paid. The fee as prescribed by the Municipality for the disconnection and reconnection must be paid by the consumer before the electricity supply is restored, unless it can be shown that the consumer did not use or deal with the electricity in an improper or unsafe manner.

**16. ELECTRICITY TARIFFS AND FEES**

Copies of tariffs and fees may be obtained free of charge at the offices of the Municipality.

**17. DEPOSITS**

- (1) The Municipality, in terms of its Tariff Policy, reserves the right to require the consumer to deposit a sum of money as security in payment of any charges which are due or may become due to the Municipality.
- (2) The amount of the deposit in respect of each electricity installation shall be determined annually by the Municipality, and each such deposit may be increased if the Municipality deems the deposit held to be inadequate or as a result of non-payment, tampering, unauthorized connections or unauthorized reconnections.
- (3) Such deposit shall not be regarded as being in payment or part payment of any accounts due for the supply of electricity for the purpose of obtaining any discount provided for in the electricity tariff referred to in this by-law.
- (4) On cessation of the supply of electricity, the amount of such deposit, free of any interest, less any payments due to the Municipality shall be refunded to the consumer on written request.

**18. PAYMENT OF CHARGES**

- (1) The consumer shall be liable for all charges listed in the prescribed tariff for the electricity service as approved by the Municipality. It is a Payment Condition of this Municipality that the consumer may also be required to pay all charges of other services supplied by the Municipality before the supply of electricity is restored.
- (2) All accounts shall be deemed payable when issued by the Municipality and each account shall, on its face, reflect the due date and a warning indicating that the supply of electricity may be disconnected should the charges in respect of such supply remain unpaid after the due date.
- (3) An error or omission in any account or failure to render an account shall not relieve the consumer of his obligation to pay the correct amount due for electricity supplied to the premises and the onus shall be on the consumer to satisfy himself/herself that the account rendered is in accordance with the prescribed tariff of charges in respect of electricity supplied to the premises.

- (4) Where a duly authorized official of the Municipality has visited the premises for the purpose of disconnecting the supply of electricity in terms of subsection (2) and he/she is obstructed or prevented from effecting such disconnection, the prescribed fee shall become payable for each visit necessary for the purpose of such disconnection.
- (5) After disconnection for non-payment of an account, the prescribed fees and any amounts due for electricity consumed shall be paid, or suitable arrangements shall be made in terms of the Municipality's By-law or Policies, before the electricity supply will be re-connected.
- (6) Notwithstanding the fact that an occupier has an agreement for the supply of electricity, should the owner of immovable property apply for a clearance certificate, in terms of section 118 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 32 of 2000, then such owner will be liable for all charges due to the Municipality, in respect of the said property, in order to obtain such certificate.

#### 19. INTEREST ON OVERDUE ACCOUNTS

The Municipality may charge interest on accounts which are not paid by the due date appearing on the account, in terms of an approved Credit Control and Debt Collection Policy and any related indigent support.

#### 20. PRINCIPLES FOR THE RESALE OF ELECTRICITY

- (1) Resellers shall comply with the licensing and registration requirements set out in the Electricity Regulation Act and regulations issued under this act.
- (2) Unless otherwise authorized by the Municipality, no person shall sell or supply electricity, supplied to his/her premises or generated by him under an agreement with the Municipality, to any other person or persons for use on any other premises, or permit such resale or supply to take place.
- (3) If electricity is resold for use upon the same premises, the electricity resold must be measured by a sub meter of a type which has been approved by the South African Bureau of Standards and supplied, installed and programmed in accordance with the standards of the Municipality.
- (4) The tariff, rates and charges at which and the conditions of sale under which electricity is thus resold shall not be less favourable to the purchaser than those that would have been payable and applicable had the purchaser been supplied directly with electricity by the Municipality.
- (5) Every reseller shall furnish the purchaser with monthly accounts that are at least as detailed as the relevant billing information details provided by the Municipality to its electricity consumers.
- (6) The Municipality may from time to time request audited reports from resellers to prove that the above resale conditions are met. The cost to obtain audited reports will be borne by the reseller.

#### 21. RIGHT TO DISCONNECT OR REMOVE THE ELECTRICITY SUPPLY

- (1) The municipality has the right to disconnect the supply of electricity to any premises-

- (a) without notice where-
    - (i) there is grave risk to person or property if the supply is not disconnected; or
    - (ii) there is evidence of tampering as contemplated in section 26; or
    - (iii) for reasons of staff or community safety
  - (b) with reasonable written notice where-
    - (i) the person liable to pay for such supply fails to pay any charge due to the Municipality in connection with any supply of electricity which he/she may at any time have received from the Municipality in respect of such premises, or
    - (ii) the Municipality has requested to disconnect the supply of electricity where there are outstanding municipal service fees, surcharges on fees, property rates and other municipal taxes, levies and duties; or
    - (iii) any provision of this by-law has been contravened and the customer has failed to remedy the default after proper notice has been given;
    - (iv) access to inspect metering equipment has been denied; or
- (2) Where any of the provisions of this by-law and/or regulations are being contravened the Municipality should give the person 7 (seven) days notice to remedy his/her default prior to disconnection.
- (3) After disconnection for non-payment of accounts or the improper or unsafe use of electricity (which includes feed-back into the Municipal network), the tariff as prescribed by the municipality shall be paid for re-connection of such supply.
- (4) In the case where an installation has been illegally reconnected on a consumer's premises after having been previously legally disconnected by the Municipality, or in the case where the Municipality's electrical equipment has been tampered with to prevent the full registration of consumption by the meter, the electricity supply shall be disconnected and may be physically removed from those premises.

## 22. NON-LIABILITY OF THE MUNICIPALITY

The Municipality shall not be liable for any loss or damage, direct or consequential, suffered or sustained by a consumer as a result of or arising from the cessation, interruption or any other abnormality of the supply of the supply electricity, unless caused by negligence on the part of the Municipality.

## 23. LEAKAGE OF ELECTRICITY

Under no circumstances shall any rebate be allowed on the account for electricity supplied and metered in respect of electricity wasted owing to leakage or any other fault in the electrical installation.

**24. FAILURE OF SUPPLY**

- (1) The Municipality does not undertake to attend to a failure of supply of electricity due to a fault in the electrical installation of the consumer, except when such failure is due to the operation of the service protective device or any other devices belonging to the Municipality.
- (2) When any failure of supply of electricity is found to be due to a fault in the electrical installation of the consumer or to the faulty operation of apparatus used in connection therewith, the Municipality shall have the right to charge the consumer the fee as prescribed by the Municipality for each restoration of the supply of electricity in addition to the cost of making good or repairing any damage which may have been done to the service main and meter by such fault or faulty operation as aforesaid.

**25. SEALS OF THE MUNICIPALITY**

The meter, load control devices or service protective devices and all apparatus belonging to the Municipality shall be sealed or locked by a duly authorized official of the Municipality, and no unauthorized person shall in any manner or for any reason whatsoever remove, break, deface, tamper or interfere with such seals or locks. The municipality may charge the fees determined in its Tariff Policy should a seal be broken or removed by a customer.

**26. TAMPERING WITH SERVICE CONNECTION AND UNSAFE OR ILLEGAL CONNECTIONS TO THE ELECTRICAL SUPPLY SYSTEM**

- (1) No person shall in any manner or for any reason whatsoever tamper or interfere with, vandalize, fix advertising medium to or deface any meter or metering equipment or service connection or service protective device or supply mains or any other equipment of the Municipality or illegally connect into the electricity wiring of any other consumer.
- (2) No person may in any manner or for any reason whatsoever illegally connect into the electricity wiring of any other customer or the Municipality.
- (3) Where prima facie evidence exists of a consumer and/or any person having contravened sub-section (1), the Municipality shall have the right to levy any penalties or fees provided for in terms of the Tariff Policy of the Overstrand Municipality, to recover any costs incurred as a result of the replacement of a damaged meter and disconnect the supply of electricity immediately without prior notice to the consumer and in addition institute legal action against the customer.
- (4) Where a consumer or any person has contravened subsection (1) and such contravention has resulted in the meter recording less than the true consumption, the municipality shall have the right to recover the full cost of the estimated consumption from the consumer.
- (5) In the case of a prepaid meter being tampered, no refund will be given for any units that were on the tampered meter at the time of replacement and

no previously purchased tokens will be replaced. In the case of a credit meter, normal consumption will be calculated for three months and recovered from the consumer.

**27. PROTECTION OF MUNICIPALITY'S SUPPLY MAINS**

- (1) No person may, except with the consent of the Municipality and subject to such conditions as may be imposed –
  - (a) construct, erect or lay, or permit the construction, erection or laying of any building, structure or other object, or plant trees or vegetation over or in such a position or in such a manner as to interfere with or endanger the supply mains
  - (b) excavate, open up or remove the ground above, next to, under or near any part of the supply mains
  - (c) damage, endanger, remove or destroy, or do any act likely to damage, endanger or destroy any part of the supply mains
  - (d) make any unauthorized connection to any part of the supply mains or divert or cause to be diverted any electricity there from.
  - (e) The owner or occupier shall limit the height of trees or length of projecting branches in the proximity of overhead lines or provide a means of protection which in the opinion of the Municipality will adequately prevent the tree from interfering with the conductors should the tree or branch fall or be cut down.
  - (f) Should the owner fail to observe this provision the Municipality shall have the right, after prior written notification, or at any time in an emergency, to cut or trim any trees or other vegetation in such a manner as to comply with this provision and shall be entitled to enter the property for this purpose.
- (2) The Municipality may, subject to obtaining an order of court, demolish, alter or otherwise deal with any building, structure or other object constructed, erected or laid in contravention with this by-law.
- (3) The Municipality may in the case of an emergency or disaster remove anything damaging, obstructing or endangering or likely to damage, obstruct, endanger or destroy any part of the electrical distribution system.

**28. PREVENTION OF TAMPERING WITH SERVICE CONNECTION OR SUPPLY MAINS**

If the Municipality decides that it is necessary or desirable to take special precautions in order to prevent tampering with any portion of the supply mains, service connection or service protective device or meter or metering equipment, the consumer shall either supply and install the necessary protection or pay the costs involved where such protection is supplied by the Municipality.

**29. UNAUTHORIZED CONNECTIONS**

No person other than a person specifically authorized thereto by the Municipality in writing shall directly or indirectly connect, attempt to connect or cause or permit to connect any electrical installation or part thereof to the supply mains or service connection.

**30. UNAUTHORIZED RECONNECTIONS**

- (1) No person other than a person specifically authorized thereto by the Municipality in writing shall reconnect, attempt to reconnect or cause or permit to be reconnected to the supply mains or service connection any electrical installation or installations which has or have been disconnected by the Municipality.
- (2) Where the supply of electricity that has previously been disconnected is found to have been reconnected, the consumer using the supply of electricity shall be liable for all charges for electricity consumed between the date of disconnection and the date the electricity supply was found to be reconnected and any other charges raised in this regard.
- (3) The Municipality reserves the right to remove part or all of the supply equipment until such time as payment has been received in full.
- (4) The consumer shall be responsible for all the costs associated with the reinstatement of such supply equipment.

**31. TEMPORARY DISCONNECTION AND RECONNECTION**

- (1) The Municipality shall, at the request of the consumer, temporarily disconnect and reconnect the supply of electricity to the consumer's electrical installation upon payment of the fee as prescribed by the Municipality for each such disconnection and subsequent reconnection.
- (2) In the event of the necessity arising for the Municipality to effect a temporary disconnection and reconnection of the supply of electricity to a consumer's electrical installation and the consumer is in no way responsible for bringing about this necessity, the Municipality shall waive payment of the fee hereinbefore referred to.
- (3) The Municipality may only under exceptional circumstances temporarily disconnect the supply of electricity to any premises without notice, for the purpose of effecting repairs or carrying out tests or for any other legitimate purpose. In all other instances adequate notice shall be given.

**32. TEMPORARY SUPPLIES AND BUILDERS CONNECTIONS**

- (1) It shall be a condition of the giving of any temporary supply of electricity, as defined in this by-law, that, if such supply is found to interfere with the efficient and economical supply of electricity to other consumers, the Municipality shall have the right, with notice, or under exceptional circumstances without notice, to terminate such temporary supply at any time and, the Municipality shall not be liable for any loss or damage occasioned by the consumer by such termination.
- (2) A temporary supply shall be valid for 12 months after which a new application must be submitted for continued use.
- (3) The municipality may disconnect a temporary supply if conditions pertaining thereto are not complied with.

**33. TEMPORARY WORK**

- (1) Electrical installations requiring a temporary supply of electricity shall not be connected directly or indirectly to the supply mains except with the special permission in writing of the Municipality.
- (2) Full information as to the reasons for and nature of such temporary work shall accompany the application for the aforesaid permission, and the Municipality may refuse such permission or may grant permission.
- (3) Where permission is refused, the applicant must be informed of the reasons for the decision.

**34. LOAD REDUCTION**

- (1) At times of peak load, or in an emergency, or when, in the opinion of the Municipality, it is necessary to reduce the load on the electricity supply system of the Municipality, the Municipality may without notice interrupt and, for such period as the Municipality may deem necessary, discontinue the electricity supply to any consumer's electrically operated thermal storage water heater or any other specific appliance or the whole installation.
- (2) The Municipality shall not be liable for any loss or damage directly or consequentially due to or arising from such interruption and discontinuance of the electricity supply.
- (3) Except at times of peak load or in cases of emergency, the municipality shall where possible and practically viable not interrupt the electricity supply system to a customer without reasonable notice.
- (4) The Municipality may install upon the premises of the consumer such apparatus and equipment as may be necessary to give effect to the provisions of subsection (1), and any duly authorized official of the Municipality may at any reasonable time enter any premises for the purpose of installing, inspecting, testing adjusting and/or changing such apparatus and equipment.
- (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-section (3), the consumer or the owner, as the case may be, shall, when installing an electrically operated water storage heater, provide such necessary accommodation and wiring as the Municipality

may decide to facilitate the later installation of the apparatus and equipment referred to in sub-section (4).

### **35. HIGH, MEDIUM AND LOW VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND EQUIPMENT**

- (1) In cases where a supply of electricity is given at either high, medium or low voltage, the supply and installation of the switchgear, cables and equipment forming part of the service connection shall, unless otherwise approved by the Municipality or any duly authorized official of the Municipality, be paid for by the consumer.
- (2) All such equipment installed on the consumer's premises shall be compatible with the Municipality's electrical performance standards
- (3) No unauthorized person shall open, close, isolate, link or earth high or medium voltage switchgear or equipment without giving reasonable prior notice to the Municipality's System Control Centre.
- (4) In the case of a high or medium voltage supply of electricity, where the consumer has high or medium voltage switchgear installed, the Municipality shall be advised of the competent person appointed by the consumer in terms of the Regulations, and of any changes made to such appointments.
- (5) In the case of a low voltage supply of electricity, the consumer shall provide and install a low voltage main switch and/or any other equipment required by the Municipality or any duly authorized official of the Municipality.
- (6) In the case where fixed generators of any kind are installed on the consumer's premises, the consumer shall ensure that the necessary safety isolation equipment is installed to prevent any back-feed of electricity after the municipal network has been isolated, as prescribed by the Municipality's safety standards and other relevant standards.

### **36. SUBSTATION ACCOMMODATION**

- (1) The Municipality may, on such conditions as may be deemed fit by the Municipality or any duly authorized official of the Municipality, require the owner to provide and maintain accommodation which shall constitute a substation and which shall consist of a separate room or rooms to be used exclusively for the purpose of housing medium voltage cables and switchgear, transformers, low voltage cables and switchgear and other equipment necessary for the supply of electricity requested by the consumer. The accommodation shall be situated at a point to which free, adequate and unrestricted access is available at all times for purposes connected with the operation and maintenance of the equipment.
- (2) The Municipality reserves the right to supply its own networks from its own equipment installed in such accommodation, and if additional accommodation is required by the Municipality, such additional accommodation shall be provided by the consumer at the cost of the Municipality.

**37. WIRING DIAGRAM AND SPECIFICATION**

- (1) When more than one electrical installation or electricity supply from a common main or more than one distribution board or meter is required for any building or block of buildings, the wiring diagram of the circuits starting from the main switch and a specification shall on request be supplied to the Municipality in duplicate for approval before the work commences.
- (2) Where an electrical installation is to be supplied from a substation on the same premises on which the current is transformed from high voltage, or from one of the substations of the Municipality through mains separate from the general distribution system, a complete specification and drawings for the plant to be installed by the consumer shall, if so required, be forwarded to the Municipality for approval before any material in connection therewith is ordered.

**38. STANDBY SUPPLY**

- (1) No person shall be entitled to a standby supply of electricity from the Municipality for any premises having a separate source of electricity supply except with the written consent of the Municipality and subject to such terms and conditions as may be laid down by the Municipality.
- (2) Upon cessation of the electricity supply for any reason whatsoever, the Municipality shall have the right to supply standby electricity in any manner as it sees fit.

**39. CONSUMER'S ALTERNATE ELECTRICITY SUPPLY EQUIPMENT**

- (1) No alternate electricity equipment provided by a consumer in terms of any Regulations or for his own operational requirements shall be connected to any installation without the prior written approval of the Municipality.
- (2) Application for such approval shall be made in writing and shall include a full specification of the equipment and a wiring diagram.
- (3) The alternate electricity equipment shall be so designed and installed that it is impossible for the Municipality's supply mains to be energized by means of a back-feed from such equipment when the municipal supply has been de-energised.
- (4) The consumer shall be responsible for providing and installing all such protective equipment.
- (5) Where, by special agreement with the Municipality, the consumer's alternate electricity equipment is permitted to be electrically coupled to, and run in parallel with the Municipality's supply mains, the consumer shall be responsible for providing, installing and maintaining all the necessary synchronizing and protective equipment required for such safe parallel operation, to the satisfaction of the Municipality.

**40. DIRECTIVE NOTICES**

The Municipality may from time to time issue Circulars detailing the requirements of the Municipality regarding matters not specifically covered in the Regulations or this by-law but which are necessary for the safe, efficient operation and management of the supply of electricity.

**CHAPTER 3****RESPONSIBILITIES OF CONSUMERS****41. CONSUMER TO ERECT AND MAINTAIN ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION**

Any electrical installation connected or to be connected to the supply mains, and any additions or alterations thereto which may be made from time to time, shall be provided, erected, maintained and kept in good order by the consumer at his own expense and in accordance with this by-law and the Regulations. This includes the connection box for said installation.

**42. FAULT IN AN ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION**

- (1) If any fault develops in the electrical installation, which constitutes a hazard to persons, livestock or property, the consumer shall immediately disconnect the electricity supply. The consumer shall without delay give notice thereof to the Municipality and shall immediately take steps to remedy the fault.
- (2) The Municipality may recover from the consumer the cost for any expense to which it may be put in connection with a fault in the electrical installation.

**43. DISCONTINUANCE OF USE OF SUPPLY**

In the event of a consumer desiring to discontinue using the electricity supply, he/she shall give at least two full working days' notice in writing of such intended discontinuance to the Municipality, failing which he/she shall remain liable for all payments due in terms of the tariff for the supply of electricity until the expiration of two full working days after such notice has been given.

**44. CHANGE OF OCCUPIER**

- (1) A consumer vacating any premises shall give the Municipality not less than two full working days' notice in writing of his intention to discontinue using the electricity supply, failing which he/she shall remain liable for such supply.
- (2) If the person taking over occupation of the premises desires to continue using the electricity supply, he/she shall make application in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of this by-law, and if he/she fails to make application for an electricity supply within ten (10) working days of taking occupation of the premises, the supply of electricity shall be disconnected, and he/she shall be liable to the

Municipality for the electricity supply from the date of occupation till such time as the supply is so disconnected.

- (3) Where premises are fitted with pre-payment meters any person occupying the premises at that time shall be deemed to be the consumer.
- (6) Until such time as an application is made by such person for a supply of electricity, in terms of section 5 of this by-law, he/she shall be liable for all charges and fees owed to the Municipality for that metering point as well as any outstanding charges and fees whether accrued by such person or not.
- (7) The municipality may impose conditions, which may include the withholding of electricity supply to premises where the previous customer's account is in arrears.
- (8) In the event of change of ownership a new certificate of compliance for the premises shall be issued by an accredited electrician, unless the existing certificate was issued within the preceding 24 month period and no subsequent alteration of the electrical installation was effected.

#### **45. SERVICE APPARATUS**

- (1) The consumer shall be liable for all costs to the Municipality arising from damage to or loss of any metering equipment, service protective device, service connection or other apparatus on the premises, unless such damage or loss is shown to have been occasioned by an Act of God or an act or omission of an employee of the Municipality or caused by an abnormality in the supply of electricity to the premises.
- (2) If, during a period of disconnection of an installation from the supply mains, the service main, metering equipment or any other service apparatus, being the property of the Municipality and having been previously used, have been removed without its permission or have been damaged so as to render reconnection dangerous, the owner or occupier of the premises, as the case may be, during such period shall bear the cost of overhauling and/or replacing such equipment.
- (3) Where there is a common metering position, the liability detailed in subsection (1) shall devolve on the owner of the premises.
- (4) The amount due in terms of subsection (1) shall be evidenced by a certificate from the Municipality which shall be final and binding.

### **CHAPTER 4**

#### **SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY**

##### **46. SERVICE CONNECTION**

- (1) The consumer shall bear the cost of the service connection, as approved by the Municipality.

- (2) Notwithstanding the fact that the consumer bears the cost of the service connection, ownership of the service connection, laid or erected by the Municipality, shall vest in the Municipality, the Municipality shall be responsible for the maintenance of such service connection up to the erf boundary or point of supply. The consumer shall not be entitled to any compensation from the Municipality in respect of such service connection.
- (3) The work to be carried out by the Municipality at the cost of the consumer for a service connection to the consumer's premises shall be determined by the Municipality or any duly authorized official of the Municipality.
- (4) A new service connection shall be laid underground, whether the supply mains are laid underground or erected overhead, unless an overhead service connection is specifically required by the Municipality. A client must replace an existing overhead connection with an underground service connection when the Municipality is undergrounding main services to the client's premises.
- (5) The consumer shall provide, fix and/or maintain on his premises such ducts, wire ways, trenches, fastenings and clearance to overhead supply mains as may be required by the Municipality for the installation of the service connection.
- (6) The conductor used for the service connection shall have a cross-sectional area according to the size of the electrical supply but shall not be less than 16mm<sup>2</sup> (copper or copper equivalent), and all conductors shall have the same cross-sectional area, unless otherwise approved by any duly authorized official of the Municipality.
- (7) Unless otherwise approved by a duly authorized official of the Municipality, each registered erf shall only be provided with one service connection and one meter. Where two or more premises belonging to one owner are situated on adjacent erven and the owner operates the properties in a consolidated manner, for safety considerations, only a single bulk supply of electricity may be made available provided that the municipality may require the customer to consolidate the erven or to have them tied notarially.
- (8) Any covers of a wire way carrying the supply circuit from the point of supply to the metering equipment shall be made to accept the seals of the Municipality.
- (9) Within the meter box, the service conductor or cable, as the case may be, shall terminate in an unobscured position and the conductors shall be visible throughout their length when cover plates, if present, are removed.
- (10) In the case of blocks of buildings occupied by a number of individual consumers, separate wire ways and conductors or cables shall be laid from the common metering room or rooms to each individual consumer in the blocks of buildings. Alternatively, if trunking is used, the conductors of the individual circuits shall be clearly identified (tied together every 1,5m) throughout their length.

**47. METERING ACCOMMODATION**

- (1) The consumer shall, if required by the Municipality or any duly authorized official of the Municipality, provide accommodation in an approved position, the meter board and adequate conductors for the Municipality's metering equipment, service apparatus and protective devices. Such accommodation and protection shall be provided and maintained, to the satisfaction of the Municipality, at the cost of the consumer or the owner, as the circumstances may demand, and shall be situated, in the case of credit meters, at a point to which free and unrestricted access shall be had at all reasonable hours for the reading of meters but at all times for purposes connected with the operation and maintenance of the service equipment. Access at all reasonable hours shall be afforded for the inspection of prepayment meters.
- (2) Where sub metering equipment is installed, accommodation separate from the Municipality's metering equipment shall be provided.
- (3) The consumer or, in the case of a common meter position, the owner of the premises shall provide adequate electric lighting in the space set aside for accommodating the metering equipment and service apparatus.
- (4) Where in the opinion of the Municipality the position of the meter, service connection, connection box, protective devices or main distribution board is no longer readily accessible or becomes a course of danger to life or property or in any way becomes unsuitable, the consumer shall remove it to a new position, and the cost of such removal, which shall be carried out with reasonable dispatch, shall be borne by the consumer.
- (5) The accommodation for the Municipality's metering equipment and protective devices may, if approved, include the consumer's main switch and main protective devices. No apparatus other than that used in connection with the supply of electricity and use of electricity shall be installed or stored in such accommodation unless approved.

**CHAPTER 5****SYSTEMS OF SUPPLY****48. LOAD REQUIREMENTS**

Alternating current supplies shall be given as prescribed by the NRS 048, and in the absence of a quality of supply agreement, as set out in applicable standard specification.

**49. LOAD LIMITATIONS**

- (1) Where the estimated load, calculated in terms of the safety standard, does not exceed 15 kVA, the electrical installation shall be arranged for a two-wire single-

phase supply of electricity, unless otherwise approved by the Municipality or any duly authorized official of the Municipality.

- (2) Where a three-phase four-wire supply of electricity is provided, the load shall be approximately balanced over the three phases but the maximum out-of-balance load shall not exceed 15kVA, unless otherwise approved by the Municipality or any duly authorized official of the Municipality.
- (3) No current-consuming appliance, inherently single phase in character, with a rating which exceeds 15kVA shall be connected to the electrical installation without the prior approval of the Municipality.

#### **50. INTERFERENCE WITH OTHER PERSONS' ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT**

- (1) No person shall operate electrical equipment having load characteristics which, individually or collectively, give rise to voltage variations, harmonic currents or voltages, or unbalanced phase currents which fall outside the applicable standard specification.
- (2) The assessment or interference with other persons' electrical equipment shall be carried out by means of measurements taken at the point of common coupling.
- (3) Should it be established that undue interference is in fact occurring, the consumer shall, at his/her own cost, install the necessary equipment to filter out the interference and prevent it reaching the supply mains.

#### **51. SUPPLIES TO MOTORS**

Unless otherwise approved by the municipality the rating of motors shall be limited as follows:

- (1) Limited size for low voltage motors –

The rating of a low voltage single-phase motor shall be limited to 2kW or the starting current may not exceed 70A. All motors exceeding these limits shall be wound for three phases at low voltage or such higher voltage as may be required.

- (2) Maximum starting and accelerating currents of three-phase alternating current motors.-

The starting current of three-phase low voltage motors permitted shall be related to the capacity of the customer's service connection, as follows:

Insulated service cable, size in mm <sup>2</sup> , copper equivalent mm <sup>2</sup>	Maximum permissible starting current A	Maximum motor rating in kW		
		Direct on line (6x full-load current)	Star/Delta (2,5 x full-load current)	Other means (1,5 x full-load current)
		kW	kW	kW
16	72	6	13,5	23
25	95	7,5	18	30
35	115	9	22	36,5
50	135	10	25	45
70	165	13	31	55
95	200	16	38	67
120	230	18	46	77
150	260	20	52	87

(3) Consumers supplied at medium voltage –

In an installation supplied at medium voltage the starting current of a low voltage motor shall be limited to 1,5 times the rated full-load current of the transformer supplying such a motor. The starting arrangement for medium voltage motors shall be subject to the approval of the municipality.

**52. POWER FACTOR**

- (1) If required by the municipality, the power factor of any load must be maintained within the limits 0,85 lagging and 0,9 leading.
- (2) Where, for the purpose of complying with subsection (1), it is necessary to install power factor corrective devices, such corrective devices must be connected to the individual appliance terminals unless the correction of the power factor is automatically controlled.
- (3) The customer must, at his or her own cost, install such corrective devices.

**53. PROTECTION**

Electrical protective devices for motors must be of such a design as effectively to prevent sustained over current and single phasing, where applicable.

**CHAPTER 6****MEASUREMENT OF ELECTRICITY****54. METERING**

- (1) The Municipality shall, at the consumer's cost in the form of a direct charge or prescribed fee, provide, install and maintain appropriately rated metering equipment at the point of metering for measuring the electricity supplied.
- (2) Except in the case of prepayment meters, the electricity used by a consumer during any metering period shall be ascertained by the reading of the appropriate meter or meters supplied and installed by the Municipality and read at the end of such period except where the metering equipment is found to be defective, or the Municipality invokes the provisions of section 54(2) of this by-law, in which case the consumption for the period shall be estimated.
- (3) Where the electricity used by a consumer is charged at different tariff rates, the consumption shall be metered separately for each rate.
- (4) The Municipality reserves the right to meter the supply to blocks of shops and flats, tenement-houses and similar buildings for the buildings as a whole, or for individual units, or for groups of units.
- (5) No alterations, repairs or additions or electrical connections of any description shall be made on the supply side of the point of metering unless specifically approved in writing by the Municipality or any duly authorized official of the Municipality.
- (6) The Municipality shall have the right to decide which metering equipment shall be most appropriate at a specific point of metering, and the Municipality shall have the right to change to alternative metering equipment at any time.

**55. ACCURACY OF METERING**

- (1) A meter shall be conclusively presumed to be registering accurately if its error, when tested in the manner prescribed in sub-section (5) hereof, is found to be within the limits of error as provided for in the applicable standard specifications.
- (2) The Municipality shall have the right to test its metering equipment. If it is established by test or otherwise that such metering equipment is defective, the Municipality shall -
  - (i) in the case of a credit meter, adjust the account rendered;
  - (ii) in the case of prepayment meters,
    - (a) render an account where the meter has been under-registering, or
    - (b) issue a free token where the meter has been over-registering in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (6).

- (3) The consumer shall be entitled to have the metering equipment tested by the Municipality on payment of the prescribed fee. If the metering equipment is found not to comply with the system accuracy requirements as provided for in the applicable standard specifications, an adjustment in accordance with the provisions of sub-sections (2) and (6) shall be made and the aforesaid fee shall be refunded.
- (4) In case of a dispute, the consumer shall have the right, at his own cost, to have the metering equipment under dispute tested by an approved independent testing authority, and the result of such test shall be final and binding on both parties.
- (5) Meters shall be tested in the manner as provided for in the applicable standard specifications.
- (6) When an adjustment is made to the electricity consumption registered on a meter in terms of sub-section (2) or (3), such adjustment shall either be based on the percentage error of the meter as determined by the test referred to in sub-section (5) or upon a calculation by the Municipality from consumption data in its possession. Where applicable, due allowance shall be made, where possible, for seasonal or other variations which may affect the consumption of electricity.
- (7) When an adjustment is made as contemplated in sub-section (6), the adjustment may not exceed a period of six (6) months preceding the date on which the metering equipment was found to be inaccurate. The application of this section does not prohibit a consumer from claiming back overpayment for any longer period.
- (8) Where the actual load of a consumer differs from the initial estimated load provided for under section 8(1) to the extent that the Municipality deems it necessary to alter or replace its metering equipment to match the load, the costs of such alteration or replacement shall be borne by the consumer.
- (9) (a) Prior to the Municipality making any upward adjustment to an account in terms of sub-section (6), the Municipality shall -
  - (i) notify the consumer in writing of the monetary value of the adjustment to be made and the reasons therefore;
  - (ii) in such notification provide sufficient particulars to enable the consumer to submit representations thereto, and
  - (iii) call upon the consumer in such notice to provide it with reasons in writing, if any, within 21 days or such longer period as the Municipality may permit why his/her account should not be adjusted as notified.
- (b) Should the consumer fail to make any representations during the period referred to in sub-section 9(a)(iii) the Municipality shall be entitled to adjust the account as notified in sub-section 9(a)(i).

- (c) The Municipality shall consider any representation provided by the consumer in terms of sub-section (9)(a) and shall, if satisfied with the validity of a representation, adjust the account appropriately.
- (d) If a duly authorized official of the Municipality decides, after having considered the representation made by the consumer, that such representation does not establish a case warranting an amendment to the monetary value established in terms of sub-section (6), the Municipality shall be entitled to adjust the account as notified in terms of sub-section 9(a)(i), subject to the consumer's right to appeal against the decision of the official in terms of section 62 of the Municipal Systems Act, 2000.

#### **56. READING OF CREDIT METERS**

- (1) Unless otherwise prescribed, credit meters shall normally be read at intervals of one month and the fixed or minimum charges due in terms of the tariff shall be assessed accordingly. The Municipality shall not be obliged to effect any adjustments to such charges.
- (2) If for any reason the credit meter cannot be read, the Municipality may render an estimated account. The electrical energy consumed shall be adjusted in a subsequent account in accordance with the electrical energy actually consumed.
- (3) When a consumer vacates a property and a final reading of the meter is not possible, an estimation of the consumption may be made and the final account rendered accordingly.
- (4) If a special reading of the meter is desired by a consumer, this may be obtained upon payment of the prescribed fee and tariffs, after a notification period of at least two (2) days to the Municipality.
- (5) If any error in calculation, reading or metering is discovered in respect of any account rendered to a consumer, the error shall be corrected in subsequent accounts. Any such correction shall only apply in respect of accounts for a period of 6 months preceding the date on which the error in the accounts was discovered, and shall be based on the actual tariffs applicable during the period. The application of this section does not prevent a consumer from claiming back overpayment for any longer period where the consumer is able to prove the claim in the normal legal process.

#### **57. PREPAYMENT METERING**

- (1) No refund of the amount tendered for the purchase of electricity credit shall be given at the point of sale after initiation of the process by which the prepayment meter token is produced.
- (2) Copies of previously issued tokens for the transfer of credit to the prepayment meter may be issued at the request of the consumer.

- (3) When a consumer vacates any premises where a prepayment meter is installed, no refund for the credit remaining in the meter shall be made to the consumer by the Municipality.
- (4) The Municipality shall not be liable for the reinstatement of credit in a prepayment meter lost due to tampering with, or the incorrect use or the abuse of, prepayment meters and/or tokens.
- (5) Where a consumer is indebted to the Municipality for electricity consumed or to the Municipality for any other service supplied by the Municipality (including rates) or for any charges previously raised against him/her in connection with any service rendered, the Municipality may deduct a percentage from the amount tendered to offset the amount owing to the Municipality, as set out in the section 5 agreement for the supply of electricity.
- (6) The Municipality may, at its discretion, appoint vendors for the sale of credit for prepayment meters and shall not guarantee the continued operation of any vendor.

## CHAPTER 7

### ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS

#### 58. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS TO THOSE OF THE REGULATIONS

In addition to the requirements of the Regulations the following requirements shall apply:

- (1) Where an application for a new or increased supply of electricity has been made to the Municipality, any duly authorized official of the Municipality may at his/her discretion accept notification of the completion of any part of an electrical installation, the circuit arrangements of which permit the electrical installation to be divided up into well-defined separate portions, and such part of the electrical installation may, at the discretion of any duly authorized official of the Municipality, be inspected, tested and connected to the supply mains as though it were a complete installation.
- (2) The examination, test and inspection that may be carried out at the discretion of the Municipality or any duly authorized official of the Municipality in no way relieves the electrical contractor/accredited person or the user or lessor, as the case may be, from his responsibility for any defect in the installation. Such examination, test and inspection shall not be done in such a way (even where the electrical installation has been connected to the supply mains) as to indicate or guarantee in any way that the electrical installation has been carried out efficiently with the most suitable materials for that purpose or that it is in accordance with this by-law or the safety standard, and the Municipality shall not be held responsible for any defect or fault in such electrical installation.

#### 59. WORK DONE BY ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS

The Municipality shall not be held responsible for the work done by the electrical contractor/accredited person on a consumer's premises and shall not in any way

be responsible for any loss or damage which may be occasioned by fire or by any accident arising from the state of the wiring on the premises.

## **CHAPTER 8**

### **COST OF WORK**

#### **60. COST OF WORK**

The Municipality may repair and make good any damage done in contravention of this by-law or resulting from a contravention of this by-law. The cost of any such work carried out by the Municipality which was necessary due to the contravention of this by-law, shall be for the account of the person who acted in contravention of this by-law.

## **CHAPTER 9**

### **ENERGY SAVING MEASURES AND REDUCED USE OF ELECTRICITY**

#### **61. NORMS, STANDARDS AND GUIDELINES**

- (1) The municipality may determine and publish norms, standards and guidelines which prescribe appropriate measures to save energy or to reduce the use of electricity and such norms standards and guidelines must be kept in the form of an operational manual.
- (2) The norms, standards and guidelines contemplated in subsection (1) may differentiate between communities, geographical areas and different kinds of premises.

## **CHAPTER 10**

### **ELECTRICITY SUPPLY TO BACKYARD DWELLINGS**

#### **62. APPLICATION FOR ELECTRICITY SUPPLY**

In recognising the guidelines and principles of the Integrated National Electrification Programme, the municipality shall consider applications for electricity supply to backyard dwellings.

#### **63. CONDITIONS FOR SUPPLY**

The municipality may approve an application on the following conditions-

- (1) That the dwelling is legal and approved by the municipality
- (2) That the dwelling is free standing and easily accessible.
- (3) that the network capacity is sufficient to carry the additional load; and
- (4) if additional capacity is required, such consumer shall be responsible for upgrading of the network and be responsible for payment of the prescribed tariff for such upgrading.

- (5) Each registered erf shall only be provided with one service connection and one meter.

## **CHAPTER 11**

### **SMALL SCALE EMBEDDED GENERATORS AND ELECTRIC FENCE**

#### **64. SMALL SCALE EMBEDDED GENERATORS**

- (1) Paragraph 39(1) of this Electricity Supply By-Law states that no generation equipment may be connected to the grid without the express consent of the Senior Manager: Electro Technical Services.
- (2) Failure to obtain this consent constitutes an offence which could lead to a fine and/or imprisonment.
- (3) Furthermore, the installation may also be in contravention of the Occupational Health and Safety Act, for which punitive sanctions also apply.
- (4) Consumers found to have illegally connected SSEG to the grid (either before or after their electricity meter) will be instructed to have the installation disconnected from the grid. A Certificate of Compliance issued by an authorised electrical contractor will be required as proof of such disconnection.
- (5) Should the consumer fail to have the SSEG disconnected from the grid, the Electro Technical Services Department will disconnect the electricity supply to the property (as provisioned for in paragraph 29.)
- (6) Consumers wishing to connect SSEG legally to Overstrand's grid will be required to follow the normal application procedure as detailed in paragraph 8.
- (7) No exemption from any of Overstrand's requirements will be granted for "retrospective applications".
- (8) The consumer shall not supply any electricity generated on any premises to any third party on any other premises in any way.

#### **65. ELECTRIC FENCE**

- (1) No person shall design, manufacture, sell, install or use an electric fence or electric fence energizer other than in accordance with the relevant health and safety standard incorporated into the Electrical Machinery Regulations (2011) under section 44 of the Act: Provided that electric fences or electric fence energizers installed in accordance with the Electrical Machinery Regulations, 1988, prior to the coming into force of the 2011 Regulations shall be deemed to comply with this regulation.

- (2) The seller, importer and manufacturer of an electric fence energizer shall provide compliance with SANS 60335-2-76 by producing a certificate issued by an accredited test laboratory recognized by the accreditation authority.
- (3) In the case of an electric fence energizer which receives its energy from a battery charger by means of a charging apparatus which receives its power from an electric supply, the user or lessor shall ensure that the charging apparatus is of double-wound isolation construction.
- (4) Subject to the provisions of sub regulation (5) every user or lessor of an electric fence system shall have an electric fence system certificate in the form of Annexure 1 of the Electrical Machinery Regulations, 2011, in respect of such electric fence system: Provided that such certificate shall be transferable.
- (5) Sub-regulation (4) shall not apply to an electrical fence system that existed prior to the coming into force of the Electrical Machinery Regulations, 2011: Provided that if-
  - (a) Any addition or alteration is effected to such electric fence system; or
  - (b) There is a change of ownership of the premises on which such electric fence system exists after 1 October 2012,

The user or lessor shall obtain an electric fence system certificate for the electric fence system, where after the provision of sub-regulation (4) shall be applicable.

## CHAPTER 12

### GENERAL PROVISIONS

#### 66. EXEMPTIONS

- (1) Any person may in writing apply to the municipality for exemption from any provision of this by-law.
- (2) The municipality may –
  - (a) grant an exemption in writing and set and determine the period for which such exemption is granted;
  - (b) alter or cancel any exemption or condition in an exemption; or
  - (c) refuse to grant an exemption in which case the applicant must be informed of the reasons for refusal.
- (3) An exemption does not take effect before the applicant has undertaken in writing to comply with the conditions imposed by the municipality, however, if an activity is commenced before such undertaking has been submitted to the municipality, the exemption lapses.
- (4) If any condition of an exemption is not complied with, the exemption lapses immediately.

**67. LIAISON FORUMS IN COMMUNITY**

- (1) The municipality may establish one or more liaison forums in a community for the purposes of obtaining community participation with regard to the matters dealt with in this by-law.
- (2) A liaison forum may consist of –
- (a) a member or members of an interest group, or an affected person;
  - (b) a designated official or officials of the municipality; and
  - (c) a councillor.
- (3)
- (a) The municipality may, when considering an application for consent, permit or exemption in terms of this by-law, request the input of a liaison forum.
  - (b) A liaison forum or any person may on own initiative submit an input to the municipality for consideration.

**68. APPEAL**

A person whose rights are affected by a decision delegated by the municipality may appeal against that decision by giving written notice of the appeal and the reasons therefore in terms of section 62 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, Act 32 of 2000 to the municipal manager within 21 days of the date of the notification of the decision

**69. PENALTIES**

- (1) Any person who contravenes any of the provisions of sections 25, 26, 27, 29 and 30 of this by-law shall be guilty of an offence and on conviction liable to a fine not exceeding ten thousand rand or imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to such imprisonment without the option of a fine or to both such fine and such imprisonment and, in the case of a continuing offence, to an additional fine not exceeding two hundred rand or additional imprisonment for a period not exceeding ten days or to such additional imprisonment without the option of a fine or to both such additional fine and imprisonment for each day on which such offence is continued.
- (2) Any person who contravenes any provision of any section not referred to in subsection (1), shall be guilty of an offence and on conviction liable to a fine not exceeding one thousand rand or imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month or to both such fine and imprisonment and, in the case of a continuing offence, to an additional fine not exceeding fifty rand or additional imprisonment for a period not exceeding ten days or to such additional imprisonment without the option of a fine or to both such additional fine and imprisonment for each day on which such offence is continued.
- (3) Any person who continues to commit an offence after notice has been served on him/her to cease committing such offence or after he/she has been convicted of such offence shall be guilty of a continuing offence.

**70. SHORT TITLE AND REPEAL OF BY-LAWS**

- (1) The by-laws referred to in Schedule 1 are hereby repealed.
- (2) This By-law is called the By-Law relating to Electricity Supply, 2016, and takes effect on the date of proclamation hereof.

**BY-LAWS AND SAVINGS REPEALED****SCHEDULE 1**

- (1) The provisions of any by-laws previously promulgated by the Municipality or by any of the disestablished municipalities now incorporated in the Municipality, are hereby repealed as far as they relate to matters provided for in this by-law.
- (2) The following by-law of the Overstrand Municipality is hereby specifically repealed  
—

Name of bylaw	Date published	As a whole or partially
Electricity Supply Bylaw	PG 6589 dated 19 December 2008	As a whole.



**UMASIPALA WE-OVERSTRAND**

**UMTHETHWANA OQULUNQWAYO WESIQHELO OPHATHELENE NONIKEZELO  
NGOMBANE**

Kwaziswa ukuba uMasipala uneenjongo zokwamkela lo mthethwana ungentla.

Kumenywa uluntu ngokwesahluko 12 sooRhulumente Basemakhaya: UMthetho-Nkqubo woMasipala, wowama-2000 (Umthetho 32 wowama-2000) ukuba lungenise izimvo zalo ngokwalo mthethwana uphakanyiswayo phambi okanye ngomhla wama 24 ku Matshi wama 2016 kuMphathi kaMasipala (zithunyeiwe kuMphathi omkhulu: Wenkonzo Zomthetho: uMnu. Lionel Wallace) kule dilesi nenombolo zefekisi ezingezantsi.

Lo mthethwana ucetywayo uza kufumaneka kwi-ofisi zabaphathi bengingqi bakamasipala eGansbaai, eStanford, eHermanus naseKleinmond nakuwo amathala encwadi aseOverstrand nakuyo i-ofisi ephezulu kamasipala eHermanus, nakwi-webhusayithi [www.overstrand.gov.za](http://www.overstrand.gov.za), kwabo bafuna ukuwufunda.

Abantu abangakwaziyo ukubhala bangandwendwela ii-ofisi zabaphathi bengingqi zikamasipala eGansbaai, eStanford, eHermanus naseKleinmond apho baza kufumana uncedo lokubhala izimvo zabo. Abaphathi bengingqi ababelwe lo msebenzi ngaba balandelayo:

Gansbaai, Stanford: F Myburgh  
Hermanus: D Kearney  
Kleinmond: D.Lakey

C GROENEWALD  
UMPHATHI KAMASIPALA

Umasipala weOverstrand  
PO Box 20  
HERMANUS  
7200  
Inombolo yefekisi: 028-313 8931

Inombolo yesaziso: 50/2016



## MUNISIPALITEIT OVERSTRAND

### STANDAARD VERORDENING INSAKE ELEKTRISITEITSVOORSIENING

Kennisgewing geskied hiermee dat die munisipaliteit beoog om bogenoemde verordening te aanvaar.

Die publiek word ingevolge artikel 12 van die Wet op Plaaslike Regering: Munisipale Stelsels, 2000 (Wet 32 van 2000) genooi om versoë in verband met die voorgestelde verordening voor of op 24 Mei 2016 aan die Munisipale Bestuurder (vir aandag Senior Bestuurder: Regsdienste: Lionel Wallace) by ondergemelde adres of faksnommer te rig.

Die voorgestelde verordening sal gedurende kantoorure ter insae beskikbaar wees by die kantore van die Areabestuurders in Gansbaai, Stanford, Hermanus en Kleinmond; alle openbare biblioteke in die Overstrand; die munisipaliteit se korporatiewe hoofkantoor in Hermanus en op die amptelike webwerf by [www.overstrand.gov.za](http://www.overstrand.gov.za).

Persone wat nie kan skryf nie, kan die Areabestuurders in Gansbaai, Stanford, Hermanus of Kleinmond gedurende kantoorure besoek, waartydens sodanige persone hulp sal ontvang om hulle kommentaar of versoë op skrif te stel. Die aangewese amptenare vir die onderskeie munisipale gebiede is soos volg:

Gansbaai, Stanford: F Myburgh  
 Hermanus: D Kearney  
 Kleinmond: D Lakey

**C GROENEWALD**  
**MUNISIPALE BESTUURDER**

Munisipaliteit Overstrand  
 Posbus 20  
 HERMANUS  
 7200  
 Faksnommer: 028 313 8931

Kennisgewingnommer: 50/2016



## OVERSTRAND MUNICIPALITY

### STANDARD BY-LAW RELATING TO ELECTRICITY SUPPLY

Notice is hereby given that the municipality intends adopting the abovementioned by-law.

The public is invited in terms of Section 12 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000) to submit representations in connection with the proposed by-law on or before 24 May 2016 to the Municipal Manager (for attention Senior Manager: Legal Services: Lionel Wallace) at the under-mentioned address or fax number.

The proposed by-law will be available for perusal during office hours at the offices of the Area Managers in Gansbaai, Stanford, Hermanus and Kleinmond; all public libraries in the Overstrand; the municipality's corporate head office in Hermanus and on the official website at [www.overstrand.gov.za](http://www.overstrand.gov.za).

Persons who cannot write can visit the Area Managers in Gansbaai, Stanford, Hermanus or Kleinmond during office hours where such persons will be assisted to transcribe their comments or representations. The designated officials for the respective municipal areas are as follows:

Gansbaai, Stanford: F Myburgh  
Hermanus: D Kearney  
Kleinmond: D Lakey

C GROENEWALD  
MUNICIPAL MANAGER

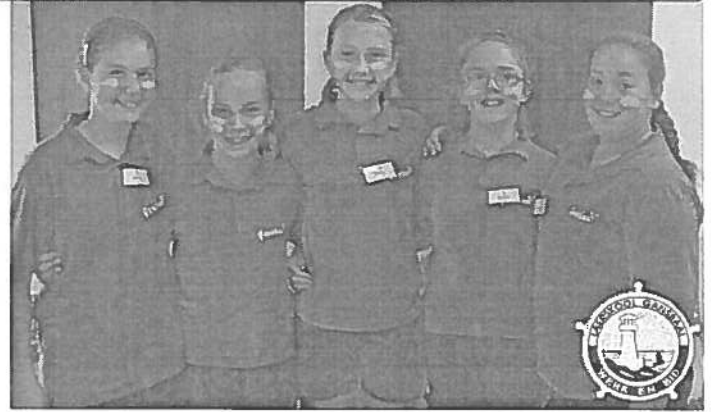
Overstrand Municipality  
PO Box 20  
HERMANUS  
7200  
Fax number: 028 313 8931

Notice number: 50/2016



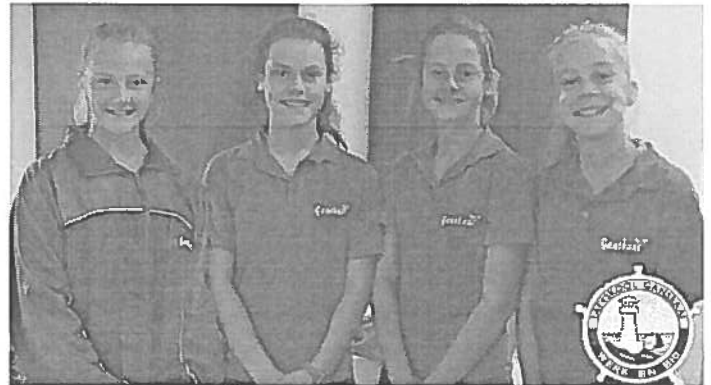
## Gansbaai Krieketklub Onoorwonne

Gansbaai Krieketklub het die afgelope Sondag sy onoorwonne status behou deur Kleinmond Krieketklub tuis met 97 lopies te wen. Gansbaai Krieketklub het eerste gekolf en 160/5 in 20 boulbeurtte aangeteken. Gurshwin Davids het 76 lopies (3x4)(8x6) en Driaan Kriel 23 lopies (1x4)(2x6) aangeteken. Kleinmond Krieketklub het toe gaan kolf en kon nie die akkurate boulwerk van Gansbaai se boulders baas raak nie. Kleinmond Krieketklub was almal uit vir 64/10 na 16.5 boulbeurtte. Gansbaai se beste boulders was Driaan Kriel (4-0-9-3), Jonathan Doyle (2-0-6-2), Corrie Avenant (3-1-5-1), Juan Havenga (1-0-5-1) en Johan Beets (1-0-7-1). Corrie het ook 'n kolwer uitgehardloop met 'n direkte ingooi vanaf die grens. Laaste wil die klub net vir Driaan Kriel sterkte toewens met sy werk in Amerika. Gansbaai se volgende wedstryd is op Sondag 03 Apr tuis teen Stanford Krieketklub. Sportiewe groete, *Heinrich Vermeulen*



0-12 vlnr: Anita Vermeulen; Monique Hugo; Anrie van Niekerk; Nadine Groenewald en Lynmari Liebenberg

Die volgende dogters van Laerskool Gansbaai is opgeneem in die Walkerbaai Netbalspanne en neem volgende kwartaal aan die Suid-Bolandproewe deel. Baie geluk! Hou die Gansies se naam hoog!



0-13 vlnr: Caitlyn Otto; Marzhan Roux; Bianca Heydenrych en Marné Middleton

## bedanking

Vernon en Dalene Coetzee wil graag by name vir Chantell (Overstrand Medical Response), Eureka Arendse, Jacobus Pretorius (Ambulansdienste), Dr Marina Barnard, Christine Dreyer (Spreekkamer), bedank vir hul bystand met my ongesteldheid op Maandag, 7 Maart 2016. Ook wil ons vir Martiena Kotze en Jurie Swart bedank vir hul ondersteuning aan Vernon.

Medicinic ICU Hermanus, baie dankie vir julle bystand om my weer gesond te kry. Dr. C De Clercq van Hermanus baie dankie. Saal B se dag- en nagstaf. Dankie vir julle liefde en versorging. Aan my man Vernon Coetzee, dankie dat jy altyd daar is vir my. Aan DIE HEMELSE VADER vir nog 'n kans wat ek in die lewe gekry het.



### OVERSTRAND MUNISIPALITEIT: OORSIGVERSLAG MET BETREKING TOT DIE 2014/2015 JAARVERSLAG

Kennis geskied hiermee ingevolge die bepalings van artikel 129(3) van die Wet op Plaaslike Regering: Munisipale Finansiële Bestuur, 2003 (Wet 56 van 2003) dat die Oorsigverslag met betrekking tot die 2014/15 Jaarverslag gedurende kantoorure by die Korporatiewe Hoofkantoor van die Overstrand Munisipaliteit, Areabestuurders in Gansbaai, Stanford, Hermanus en Kleinmond en in alle openbare biblioteke in die Overstrand vir besigtiging beskikbaar is.

**C GROENEWALD, MUNISIPALE BESTUURDER**  
Posbus 20, HERMANUS, 7200  
Kennisgewingnr: 54/2016

### OVERSTRAND MUNICIPALITY: OVERSIGHT REPORT WITH REGARD TO THE 2014/15 ANNUAL REPORT

Notice is hereby given in terms of the provisions of Section 129(3) of the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act 56 of 2003) that the Oversight Report with regard to the 2014/15 Annual Report is available for scrutiny during office hours at the Corporate Head Office of the Overstrand Municipality, Area Managers in Gansbaai, Stanford, Hermanus and Kleinmond and all the public libraries in the Overstrand.

**C GROENEWALD, MUNICIPAL MANAGER**  
PO Box 20, HERMANUS, 7200  
Notice no: 54/2016



### OVERSTRAND MUNICIPALITY STANDARD BY-LAW RELATING TO ELECTRICITY SUPPLY

Notice is hereby given that the municipality intends adopting the abovementioned by-law.

The public is invited in terms of Section 12 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000) to submit representations in connection with the proposed by-law on or before 24 May 2016 to the Municipal Manager (for attention Senior Manager: Legal Services: Lionel Wallace) at the under-mentioned address or fax number.

The proposed by-law will be available for perusal during office hours at the offices of the Area Managers in Gansbaai, Stanford, Hermanus and Kleinmond; all public libraries in the Overstrand; the municipality's corporate head office in Hermanus and on the official website at [www.overstrand.gov.za](http://www.overstrand.gov.za).

Persons who cannot write can visit the Area Managers in Gansbaai, Stanford, Hermanus or Kleinmond during office hours where such persons will be assisted to transcribe their comments or representations. The designated officials for the respective municipal areas are as follows:

Gansbaai, Stanford: F Myburgh  
Hermanus: D Kearney  
Kleinmond: D Lakey

**C GROENEWALD, MUNICIPAL MANAGER**  
Overstrand Municipality  
PO Box 20, HERMANUS  
7200  
Fax number: 028 313 8931

Notice number: 50/2016

## Afrikaans-Vriendelik- Projek

AfriForum het op 10 Maart 'n nuwe projek, Afrikaans-Vriendelik, van stapel gestuur wat Afrikaans in die sakewêreld bevorder deur erkenning en gratis bemarking aan Afrikaanse ondernemings en diensverskaffers te gee. Die projek behels die voortdurende uitbou van 'n databasis van ondernemings wat in Afrikaans diens lewer. Deur 'n webwerf kan enige lid van die publiek toegang tot die databasis verkry wanneer hulle na Afrikaanse dienste of produkte op soek is, of ondernemings wat Afrikaans bevorder, vir insluiting wil nomineer. Die webwerf gradeer die besighede op grond van al die wyses waarop hulle Afrikaans gebruik en uitbou. Waldimar Pelser, redakteur van *Rapport* en aanbieder van die nuus-aktualiteitsprogram *Insig* op KykNet, Dawie Roodt, direkteur en hoofekonoom van die Efficient Groep en aanbieder van Ontbytsake, asook Henk Schalekamp,

voorsitter en direkteur van verskeie maatskappye in die Solidariteit Beweging, sal as sprekers by die geleentheid optree. "Sowat 30% van die Suid-Afrikaanse sakewêreld is Afrikaans. Ons wil vir daardie 30% 'n platform skep waar hulle gemaklik kan kommunikeer met hulle kliënte in die taal wat hul almal die beste verstaan en waarin hulle hulself die duidelikste kan uitdruk. Besighede in 'n gemeenskap se moedertaal skep werksgeleenthede, stimuleer 'n leerkultuur en bemagtig die moedertaalsprekers," het Sanderien van der Walt, koördineerder van AfriForum se Afrikaans-Vriendelik-Projek, gesê. Afrikaans-Vriendelik is nie net vir 100% Afrikaanse ondernemings nie, maar vir almal wat hulle dienste of produkte in Afrikaans aanbied. Dié platform is nie net tot voordeel van verbruikers en ondernemings regoor Suid-Afrika nie, maar tot voordeel van Afrikaans. Navrae kan gerig word aan Sanderien van der Walt by 082-491-5277, of stuur 'n e-pos aan haar by [sanderien@afriforum.co.za](mailto:sanderien@afriforum.co.za).

*Sanderien van der Walt*  
Koördineerder: Afrikaans-Vriendelik

**BOEKE EN BELASTINGOPGAWES AGTER?  
EK KAN HELP**  
Heinrich Krugmann  
[Geregistreerde SARS belastingpraktisyn]  
[heinikrugmann@gmail.com](mailto:heinikrugmann@gmail.com)  
of 072 284 4097

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* Alle afgetrede professionele verpleegkundiges \*  
\* van die Overberg word uitgenooi na 'n \*  
\* saamkuier-oggend gedurende die week van \*  
\* 11 tot 14 April. Datum sal later bevestig word. \*  
\* Kontak Christel 083 234 9700 \*  
\* Edna 082 390 9542 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*



**UMASIPALA WE-OVERSTRAND**  
**UMTHETHWANA OQULUNQWAYO WESIQHELO OPHATHELENE**  
**MONIKEZELO NGOMBANE**

Kwaziswa ukuba uMasipala uneenjongo zokwamkela lo mthethwana ungentla.

Kumenywa uluntu ngokwesahluko 12 sooRhulumente Basemakhaya: UMthetho-Nkqubo woMasipala, wowama-2000 (Umthetho 32 wowama-2000) ukuba lungenise izimvo zalo ngokwalo mthethwana uphakanyiswayo phambi okanye ngomhla wama 24 ku Matsi wama 2016 kuMpathi kaMasipala (zithunyelwe kuMphathi omkhulu: Wenkonzo Zomthetho: uMnu. Lionel Wallace) kule dilesi nenombolo zefekisi ezingezantsi.

Lo mthethwana ucetywayo uza kufumaneka kwi-ofisi zabaphathi bengingqi bakamasipala eGansbaai, eStanford, eHermanus naseKleinmond nakuwo amathala enowadi aseOverstrand nakuyo i-ofisi ephhezulu kamasipala eHermanus, nakwi-webhusayithi [www.overstrand.gov.za](http://www.overstrand.gov.za), kwabo bafuna ukuwufunda.

Abantu abangakwaziyo ukubhala bangandwendwela ii-ofisi zabaphathi bengingqi zikamasipala eGansbaai, eStanford, eHermanus naseKleinmond apho baza kufumana uncedo lokubhala izimvo zabo. Abaphathi bengingqi ababelwe lo msebenzi ngaba balandelayo:

Gansbaai, Stanford: F Myburgh  
Hermanus: D Kearney  
Kleinmond: D.Lakey

C GROENEWALD, UMPHATHI KAMASIPALA  
Umasipala weOverstrand  
PO Box 20, HERMANUS  
7200

Inombolo yefekisi: 028-313 8931

Inombolo yesaziso: 50/2016



**MUNISIPALITEIT OVERSTRAND**  
**STANDAARD VERORDENING INSAKE ELEKTRISITETSVOORSIENING**

Kennisgewing geskied hiermee dat die munisipaliteit beoog om bogenoemde verordening te aanvaar.

Die publiek word ingevolge artikel 12 van die Wet op Plaaslike Regering: Munisipale Stelsels, 2000 (Wet 32 van 2000) genooi om verhoë in verband met die voorgestelde verordening voor of op 24 Mei 2016 aan die Munisipale Bestuurder (vir aandag Senior Bestuurder: Regsdienste: Lionel Wallace) by ondergemelde adres of faksnommer te rig.

Die voorgestelde verordening sal gedurende kantoorure ter insae beskikbaar wees by die kantore van die Areabestuurders in Gansbaai, Stanford, Hermanus en Kleinmond; alle openbare biblioteke in die Overstrand; die munisipaliteit se korporatiewe hoofkantoor in Hermanus en op die amptelike webwerf by [www.overstrand.gov.za](http://www.overstrand.gov.za).

Persones wat nie kan skryf nie, kan die Areabestuurders in Gansbaai, Stanford, Hermanus of Kleinmond gedurende kantoorure besoek, waartydens sodanige persone hulp sal ontvang om hulle kommentaar of verhoë op skrif te stel. Die aangewese amptenare vir die onderskeie munisipale gebiede is soos volg:

Gansbaai, Stanford: F Myburgh  
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Kleinmond: D Lakey

C GROENEWALD, MUNISIPALE BESTUURDER  
Munisipaliteit Overstrand  
Posbus 20, HERMANUS  
7200

Faksnommer: 028 313 8931

Kennisgewingnommer: 50/2016

**ITHUBA LOKUVAKALISA IZIMVO:**

1. ISICWANGCISO SOPHUHLISO OLUDIBENEYO ESICULUNQWAYO ESIHLAZIYIWEYO SOWAMA-2016/17 KUNYE
2. ISICWANGCISO ESICULUNQWAYO SOKUNIKEZELWA KWEENKONZO NOKUSETYENZISWA KWEBHAJETHI (SDBIP) SOWAMA 2016/17

ESI SISAZISO sokuba lamaxwebhu ailandelayo ayafumaneka ukuba abantu bavakalise izimvo zabo ngawo:

" Isicwangciso esiculunqwayo sophuhliso oludibeneyo (IDP) ngokwecandelo lama-34(a) loMthetho weeNkqubo zooMasipala uNombolo 32 wowama-2000;

" Ukuhlaziywa kwezibonisi eziphambili zokusebenza (KPI's) nezinto ekujoliswa kuzo kowama-2016/17 (Isicwangciso esiculunqwayo sokunikezelwa kweenkonzo nokusetyenziswa kwebhajethi (SDBIP);

Uluntu luyamenywa ukuba lungenise izimvo zalo kuMasipala malunga nala maxwebhu mabini oku makwenziwe phambi komhla wama-29 April 2016 kodwa kungabi semva kolu suku. Makubhalwe kuMphathi kaMasipala (kubhalwe ku: Ms. R Louw) kule dilesi itapha ngezantsi okanye ifekisi.

IBhunga liza kulujonga uhlaziyo lokugqibela lwe-IDP ludibene nazo zonke izimvo eziye zaveliswa nezo zingene ngexesha lentlanganiso emiseiwe umhla wama-25 Meyi 2016.

La maxwebhu mabini aza kufumaneka ngexesha leeyure zomsebenzi kwii-ofisi zabalawuli beNgingqi eGansbaai, eStanford, eHermanus naseKleinmond, kuwo onke amathafa eencwadi eOverstrand, kwaNdlunkulu eHermanus nakwi-webhusayithi kamasipala ku-[www.overstrand.gov.za](http://www.overstrand.gov.za).

Abantu abangakwaziyo ukubhala bangandwendwela aba Phathi be Ngingqi e-Gansbaai, Stanford, Hermanus nase Kleinmond ngamaxesha amsebenzi apho luntu anokufumana uncedo ekubhaleni ezakhe izimvo.

C GROENEWALD  
UMPHATHI KAMASIPALA

Umasipala waseOverstrand  
PO Box 20  
Hermanus  
7200

inombolo ye fax: (028) 313 8030

Inombolo yesaziso: 48/2016

**UMASIPALA WE-OVERSTRAND  
UMTHETHWANA OQULUNQWAYO WESIQHELO OPHATHELENE NONIKEZELO  
NGOMBANE**



Kwaziswa ukuba uMasipala uneenjongo zokwamkela lo mthethwana lungentla.

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UMPHATHI KAMASIPALA

Umasipala weOverstrand  
PO Box 20  
HERMANUS  
7200

Inombolo yefekisi: 028-313 8931

Inombolo yesaziso: 50/2016

**OVERSTRAND MUNICIPALITY  
STANDARD BY-LAW RELATING TO ELECTRICITY SUPPLY**



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MUNICIPAL MANAGER**

Overstrand Municipality  
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HERMANUS  
7200  
Fax number: 028 313 8931

Notice number: 50/2016

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STANDAARD VERORDENING INSAKE ELEKTRISITEITSVOORSIENING**

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MUNISIPALE BESTUURDER**

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Kennisgewingnummer: 50/2016